



Signature Report

1200 King County Courthouse 516 Third Avenue Seattle, WA 98104

December 9, 2015

Ordinance 18190

	Proposed No. 2015-0495.2 Sponsors Dembowski	
1	AN ORDINANCE relating to a paid parental leave pilot	
2	program for leave-eligible employees.	
3	STATEMENT OF FACTS:	
4	1. Under federal and state law, eligible employees are entitled to take up	
5	to twelve weeks of leave for the birth, adoption or foster placement of a	
6	child. During that period, employees' jobs are protected, and they	
7	continue to receive employer paid health benefits; however, there is no	
8	requirement that employees be paid during the leave.	
9	2. The United States is the only industrialized nation in the world that	
10	does not mandate paid parental leave.	
11	3. Paid maternity leave can increase breastfeeding rates and duration,	
12	reduce the risk of infant mortality and increase the likelihood of infants	
13	receiving well-baby care and vaccinations.	
14	4. Fathers who take time off from work around childbirth are likely to	
15	spend more time with their children in the months following their	
16	children's birth, which could reduce stress on the family and contribute to	
17	father-infant bonding.	
18	5. A 2012 U.S. Department of Labor survey found that the number of	
19	employees who reported needing leave, but not using it, had doubled since	

20	2000. The most-common reasons for not using leave were inability to	
21	afford an unpaid leave and fear of losing one's job. Those who did not	
22	take needed leave were disproportionately women, nonwhite, unmarried,	
23	and earning less than \$35,000 per year.	
24	6. The King County women's advisory board has issued a report,	
25	Improving Wage Equity and Promoting Family Friendly Workplace	
26	Policies throughout King County, that recommends that King County offe	
27	paid parental leave to its employees.	
28	7. Providing paid parental leave may help attract and retain employees	
29	and may reduce employee turnover, which has been estimated to cost	
30	twenty-one percent of an employee's annual salary.	
31	8. Providing paid parental leave supports King County's commitment to	
32	equity and social justice, in that it makes parental leave more affordable	
33	for lower-paid employees.	
34	9. Paid parental leave is associated with improved health outcomes for	
35	infants and children, which may result in avoided healthcare costs for	
36	King County, which is self-insured.	
37	10. In the absence of a paid parental leave program, childbirth and	
38	adoption can take a significant financial and emotional toll on working	
39	parents and thereby can impair their ability to serve the public.	
10	11. Establishing a paid parental leave pilot program and monitoring its	
11	effectiveness for one year is in the best interest of King County	
12	employees, their families and the public that the employees serve.	

12. On April 27, 2015, the council passed Motion 14348, which declared
that it is county policy to establish a paid family leave program for King
County employees. The motion directed the executive to develop and
transmit to the council: a work plan and recommendations for
implementing a paid family leave program; a cost-benefit analysis; and
proposed legislation. The executive, on September 15, 2015, transmitted
the requested recommendations and cost-benefit analysis. The transmittal
of the original version of Proposed Ordinance 2015-0495 and an attached
work plan completed the executive's response to the council's motion.
13. In August 2014, the county and the King County Coalition of Unions
agreed to negotiate "a 'Total Compensation' agreement that will be
effective January 1, 2017 or later." The executive has indicated to the
council the executive's intention to begin "total compensation" bargaining
with the King County Coalition in January 2016. As provided in the
August 2014 agreement, "'Total Compensation' elements are wages,
premiums, incentives, and other monetary payments; and all forms of
leave and benefits." The pilot program that this ordinance directs the
executive to create serves the additional purpose of providing useful data
about paid parental leave for the county and the coalition to consider in
their "total compensation" bargaining.
BE IT ORDAINED BY THE COUNCIL OF KING COUNTY:
<u>SECTION 1.</u> This section applies to sections 2 through 5 of this ordinance.

65	A. "Accrued paid leave" includes accrued vacation, executive leave and sick		
66	leave.		
67	B. "Qualifying event" means the birth of the employee's child, the employee's		
68	adoption of a child or the foster-to-adopt placement of a child with the employee.		
69	SECTION 2. The executive shall create a pilot program that provides to		
70	nonrepresented employees, on the terms in this ordinance, paid parental leave following a		
71	qualifying event.		
72	SECTION 3. The executive is directed to enter into memoranda of agreement		
73	with the labor organizations that represent King County employees, with the		
74	organizations' consent, to provide to those employees paid parental leave on the terms in		
75	this ordinance.		
76	SECTION 4. The program for paid parental leave shall be subject to the		
77	following terms:		
78	A. The program is intended to provide leave-eligible employees with twelve		
79	weeks of paid parental leave during the twelve months following a qualifying event;		
80	B. Participation in the program shall be limited to leave-eligible employees who		
81	have been employed with the county for at least six months of continuous service at the		
82	time of the qualifying event and either are nonrepresented or are represented by a union		
83	that has signed a paid parental leave memorandum of agreement under section 3 of this		
84	ordinance;		
85	C. The program is limited to qualifying events occurring in 2016;		
86	D. An employee electing to participate in the program must reserve one week of		
87	accrued vacation and one week of accrued sick leave, or whatever smaller amount of		

each the employee has accrued. An employee with twelve weeks or more of unreserved,		
accrued paid leave at the time of the qualifying event may use up to twelve weeks of		
accrued paid leave as paid parental leave during the twelve months after the qualifying		
event. An employee who has less than twelve weeks of unreserved, accrued paid leave at		
the time of the qualifying event shall be granted supplemental paid leave in an amount		
sufficient, when combined with the employee's unreserved accrued paid leave, to equal a		
total of twelve weeks of paid parental leave. For example, if an employee has two weeks		
of accrued vacation and three weeks of accrued sick leave at the time of the qualifying		
event, the employee shall be granted nine weeks of supplemental paid leave, bringing the		
total available paid parental leave to twelve weeks.		

- E. An employee may use supplemental paid leave and accrued paid leave in any order and is not required to use any of the accrued paid leave as paid parental leave.
- F. An employee on paid leave in the program shall be compensated at the employee's base pay rate.
- G. An employee should provide notice to the designated representative of the employee's department that the employee intends to participate in the program. The notice should meet the notice requirements for taking family and medical leave under federal law.
 - H. An employee may participate in the program only once.
- I. Paid parental leave under the program must begin and end within twelve months after the qualifying event. The leave may be taken in 2017 as long as the leave is completed within twelve months after the 2016 qualifying event.

110	J. The employee and the employee's supervisor shall agree upon a schedule for	
111	taking paid parental leave that is consistent with the county's operational needs. An	
112	employee may use the paid parental leave on a part-time basis as long as that is consistent	
113	with the county's operational needs and is approved in writing by the supervisor before	
114	the leave begins.	
115	K. Paid parental leave under this ordinance shall run concurrently with King	
116	County family and medical leave, as well as federal and state family and medical leave,	
117	to the extent permitted by law.	
118	L. During the time that an employee is on leave in the program, the employee's	
119	job shall be protected to the same extent that an employee's job is protected while the	
120	employee is on family or medical leave under federal or state law. No retaliatory action	
121	may be taken against an employee for participating or planning to participate in the	
122	program or for exercising the employee's rights under this ordinance. In particular,	
123	permission to use accrued vacation or executive leave shall not be denied or delayed on	
124	the basis that the employee intends to participate in the program. This is a general	
125	statement of county policy that cannot form the basis of a private right of action.	
126	M. Taking leave under the program shall not affect an employee's health benefits	
127	or an employee's accrual of paid leave, which shall continue during the period of paid	
128	parental leave.	
129	N. Employees shall not be compensated in any manner for not using the	
130	supplemental paid leave that is available under this ordinance.	
131	SECTION 5. The executive shall monitor the usage and costs associated with the	
132	program and shall report to the council, on July 29, 2016. October 31, 2016, and January	

31, 2017, the most current available information on usage and costs, including but not		
limited to the number, gender and compensation rate of employees who have used the		
program, their distribution among the county's departments and divisions, whether their		
positions have been backfilled, the costs of backfilling, and any other costs associated		
with the program. The executive must file the reports in the form of a paper original and		
an electronic copy with the clerk of the council, who shall retain the original and provide		
an electronic copy to all councilmembers, the council chief of staff, the policy staff		
director and the lead staff for the transportation, economy and environment committee, or		
its successor.		

SECTION 6. Severability. If any provision of this ordinance or its application to

143	any person or circumstance is held invalid, the remainder of the ordinance or the			
144	application of the provision to other persons or circumstances is not affected.			
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	Ordinance 18190 was introduced on 11/16/2015 and passed as amended by the Metropolitan King County Council on 12/7/2015, by the following vote:			
		KING COUNTY COUNCIL KING COUNTY, WASHINGTON		
	ATTEST:	Larry Phillips, Chair		
	Anne Noris, Clerk of the Council			
	APPROVED this day of,			
		Dow Constantine, County Executive		
	Attachments: None			